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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAM	MED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
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Г		: ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			EXAMINER
		7 7,017 0003		MILLER,	A
	. 1,111,119		· . [ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	and a set			3628	h
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trad marks

Application No. 09/064,973

Applicant(s)

Vidolin et al.

Office Action	Summary
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Examiner

William Miller

Group Art Unit 3628

☑ Responsive to communication(s) filed on Apr 23, 1998	· ·
☐ This action is FINAL.	•
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935	formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure t application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extension 37 CFR 1.136(a).	o respond within the period for response will cause the
Disposition of Claims	
	is/are pending in the application.
Of the above, claim(s)	
Claim(s)	
☐ Claim(s)	
☐ Claims	are subject to restriction or election requirement.
Application Papers	
See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing	
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objects	
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is 🗀pproved 🖂 disapproved.
The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority u	
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of	the priority documents have been
received.	
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Num	
received in this national stage application from the li	nternational Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
*Certified copies not received:	·
☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
Attachment(s)	
☑ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892	
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s)
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413☒ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948	
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152	
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON TH	E FOLLOWING PAGES

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Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure. The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a <u>single</u> paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 250 words. Further, the form and legal phraseology often used in patent

claims, such as "invention", should be avoided.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 112

Claims 4, 8-10, 17, and 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which

applicant regards as the invention.

The phrases "and equivalents thereof" and "and the like" render the claims indefinite because the

claims include elements not actually disclosed (those encompassed by "and equivalents thereof"

and "and the like"), thereby rendering the scope of the claims unascertainable. See MPEP

§ 2173.05(d).

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness

rejections set forth in this Office action:

section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in

such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

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Claims 1-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Doppenschmitt (U.S. Pat. No. 1,694,703) in view of Knodel (U.S. Pat. No. 4,179,833).

Doppenschmitt discloses a bracelet/necklace comprising: an outer fabric material (2); an inner elastic material (3); and a plurality of closed loop members (1) having indicia thereon (page 2, lines 1-3).

With regards to claims 1 and 13, Doppenschmitt fails to disclose a releasable closure means for opening and closing the bracelet/necklace. Knodel discloses a resilient bracelet having a releasable closure means (12) for opening and closing the bracelet in the form of hook and loop fasteners (Velcro). Therefore, as taught by Knodel, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the bracelet/necklace of Doppenschmitt to include a releasable closure means for opening and closing the bracelet in the form of hook and loop fasteners (Velcro) thereby enhancing securement thereof to the body.

With regards to claims 2, 3, 5, 14-16, and 18, the applicant fails to disclose the specific outer fabric material, inner elastic material, and closed loop material as claimed by the applicant. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the specific outer fabric material, inner elastic material, and closed loop material as claimed by the applicant, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

With regards to claims 6-10 and 19-23, Doppenschmitt fails to disclose the indicia being imprinted or embroidered and of the specific design, symbol, or color as claimed by the applicant. However, it is being viewed as an obvious matter of engineering design choice to modify the

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bracelet/necklace by utilizing an indicia being imprinted or embroidered and of the specific design,

symbol, or color as claimed by the applicant, since the applicant has not disclosed that the specific

design or type of indicia solves any stated problem or is for any particular purpose and it appears

that the bracelet/necklace would perform equally well with any suitable design or type of indicia.

Further, with regards to claims 7 and 20, the applicant is reminded that method limitations,

namely gluing, sewing, stapling, heat sealing, or laser fusion, carry no patentable weight in an

article claim.

With regards to claim 12, although Doppenschmitt, as modified by Knodel, fails to disclose the

specific method of using the bracelet as claimed by the applicant, Doppenschmitt, as modified by

Knodel, does disclose all the claimed structure of the bracelet and therefore it is being viewed as

obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the bracelet as

claimed by the applicant.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Byers et al., Caverly, Johnson et al., Vollet, Itzkowitz, Stone, Michaels, Calloway Jr. et al.,

Dowling, Winn, Bonagura, Mariano, and Yoshida disclose similar bracelets and/or necklaces.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to William Miller whose telephone number is (703) 305-3978.

W.L.M.

June 2, 1999

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600